

## Reflection on the current problems facing Uganda

wars migration environmental quality pandemics climate change economic Crises population displacements famines cross-border challenges natural disasters



## What geolocation got to do with our problems?

- The extent of the problems vary in space and time
- The magnitude of the problems vary in space and time
- The impact of the problems vary with respect to geodemographic disaggregation —small area geographies
- Logically these problems are of a global nature to a good extent that require global, regional and national policy responses



An increasing amount of geospatial data is being created and captured by using high-resolution satellite imagery and other data collection techniques



Uganda Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Water & Environment, Makerere University and working on at SDG 6



Uganda Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban Development, National forestry Authority and Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries and working on SDG15



Explosion of rich geospatial information has created a new business domain of location-based services, such as those focused on navigation, and contributed to economic growth, as well as to the competitive development of related technologies



Uganda Bureau of Statistics, and Ministry of Education working Education Survey baseline study to improve on the master sample frame for monitoring progress



Uganda Bureau of Statistics, and Ministry of Energy working on Energy Survey to improve on the disaggregation of the energy statistical dat for analysis



Rapid advances in geospatial information technology present enabling better access and integration of location-based information, growing the traditional use of maps to include new tools for information analysis and management.



Uganda Bureau of Statistics, UNICEF and WB working on poverty indicators using SAE techniques and PoverMap to engage government, disaggregation: Children Poverty Maps, and machine learning/big data with UN Pulse Lab



Uganda Bureau of Statistics and the Geo-Information Management WG with support from IAEG-SDGs working on SDGs 9.1.1, disaggregation Classification of roadnetwork and level of vulnerability







#### **Monitoring Poverty**

 A tool through machine learning that automatically identifies and counts different types of roofs of households, as a proxy indicator of poverty in Uganda as in many other countries.



- As the household economy improves, the thatched roof is changed to a metal one.
- We can count metal roofs and thus, monitor poverty trends



**Monitoring Poverty** 

Using "machine counting" technique, Satellite imagery from 2012, with metal-roofed buildings highlighted in yellow., image from 2014, with new metal-roofed buildings highlighted in red.



Gulu district 2012 Gulu district 2014



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Much of the digital data and information currently available online is location-referenced, providing both new opportunities and challenges for the effective use of geospatial information to help address problems of major global significance.



Uganda Bureau of Statistics: Gender disaggregated statistics and figures a factor in all stages of planning including engendering budgets and activities

Kampala Capital City Authority: House numbering and road naming and Feacal Sludge Management programmes

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	Selected Indicators (Household Population, Hhds, Arg HHd Size, ) by District_2002 Census - Last Updated on 17th March 2018     Census population, average annual population changes and growth rates, 1911-2014 - Last Updated on 10th March 2018     Production
	Sandards, Methods and Classifications Distribution of Vulnerable Children by Type of Vulnerability and District (Number), NPHC 2014 - Last Updated on 23rd March 2018 Distribution of Vulnerable Children by Type of Vulnerability and District (Number), NPHC 2014 - Last Updated on 13th March 2018
	Households that own Computer (Percentage), Census 2014 - Last Updated on 23rd March 2018
	🗼 Infant Mortality (Deaths by 1000) ive births). NPHC 2014 - Last Lindated on 23rd March 2018



# The Role of Government is shifting ...

Being a primary supplier of authoritative geospatial data. At the country level, to being an acquirer of data for national programmes, serving in a coordinating and regulatory role and facilitating partnerships among the producers and consumers of geospatial information.



All the judicial and related institutions are fully mapped the Uganda Police Force including home security police stations and units to improve the level of services shared with UBOS for monitoring crime statistics, analysis and reporting



All opportunities are being sought and bought in to make the SDG agenda possible with the national development agenda for transformation: Dev. partners, stakeholders, academia, international agencies, etc

